

# The St. Johns Herald.

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## ST. JOHNS HERALD

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J. F. WALLACE,  
EDITOR AND MANAGER.

THE Senatorial fight in Wyoming is narrowed down to Baxter and New.

A PUBLIC census of Philadelphia just taken shows it to have a population of 1,142,653.

A MEXICANERIE, to cost \$1,500,000, is being talked about for the Columbian Exposition.

CHAIRMAN HARRITY claims the Democrats will organize the next United States Senate.

STATISTICS show a large number of English vessels to be idle, due to the depression in shipping.

In an interview President Diaz of Mexico said the border troubles were too insignificant to talk about.

THE Cotton Bureau of the Farmers' Alliance has issued a circular advising planters to grow less cotton.

A FRENCH syndicate, it is said, is about to ask for a concession to build a ship railway across Tehuantepec.

THE report of the Agricultural Board shows the farm products of Illinois to be \$32,000,000 less than in 1891.

It is said Chicago's big auditorium is gradually sinking through the thin crust of made soil on which it stands.

THE Populists are circulating a petition to Congress for a \$21,500,000 people's railroad from the Gulf to the Canada border.

PRESIDENT DIAZ is working on a scheme to reorganize the Mexican army. It is reported that he will introduce many economies.

JERRY SIMPSON is in Kansas looking after his Senatorial fences in the Legislature, which was made Republican by drawing lots.

THE rolls of Texans assessed for Federal war tax have reached Austin, and the distribution of \$180,886 to them will soon begin.

THE United States Blue Book contains information about 180,000 Government offices, with salaries amounting to \$90,000,000 a year.

THE Pennsylvania road has begun the initiative in what is said to be a general move on the part of all railroads to get rid of union employees.

JOHN G. PROVINCE, who was recently committed to the insane asylum at Fulton, Mo., went there by himself, carrying the necessary papers.

In the Senate Colonel Mills delivered a strong speech against the suspension of immigration for one year, that measure being up for consideration.

THE existence of a peace agreement between France and Russia is no longer doubted. The Pope is said to have had much to do with bringing it about.

THE Pennsylvania and Vandalia railroads have declared war on organized labor and will discharge all employees who persist in remaining members of unions.

THE British capitalists have decided to abandon their efforts to develop their big tract of land in Lower California, and will forfeit their concession in a short time.

THE production of sugar in the Spanish West Indies has increased during the past two years 200,000 tons, largely on account of the introduction of American machinery.

THE following statement of the financial condition of Apache county was made to the Board of Supervisors, as required by law, by its efficient clerk, Chas. Jarvis, on the third day of January: The indebtedness of the county, funded and floating, and the amount of each class, with interest, is as follows, to-wit:

General Fund War'ts, 1888.. \$5,064 27  
" " " 1889.. 12,404 31  
" " " 1890.. 14,382 38  
" " " 1891.. 346 30

Total warrants..... 32,697 26  
Funding bonds..... 100,000 00  
Jail bonds..... 3,000 00

Total indebtedness..... \$135,697 26  
Warrants bear interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum. Funding bonds bear interest at the rate of seven per cent, and jail bonds at the rate of eight per cent.

Following is a description of the property owned by the county, with approximate valuation:

County jail at St. Johns..... \$10,000 00  
" " Springerville..... 400 00  
Court House at St. Johns..... 4,000 00  
Scales and furniture..... 3,300 00  
Bridge at Navajo..... 1,800 00  
Other county bridges..... 6,000 00  
School Houses..... 4,500 00  
Jail at Winslow..... 900 00

Total..... \$30,900 00  
The rate of taxation for the year 1892 for county purposes was \$2.70 on each \$100 worth of personal and real property.

THE Tucson Star says: W. K. Meade has taken the pains to send for the great register of each county in the territory, from which he gets the following as the number of registered voters in each county:

Apache..... 1227  
Coconino..... 1718  
Cochise..... 1418  
Gila..... 851  
Graham..... 1587  
Maricopa..... 3214  
Pima..... 1673  
Yavapai..... 3014  
Yuma..... 445

Total..... 16,443  
Taking the ratio of five persons to each voter, which is a correct one in this territory, and it will be seen that the population exceeds 80,000.

It is said that Senator Gray and Don M. Dickinson have declined Cabinet positions. Wm. C. Whitney is believed to be opposing Morrison in the interest of Henry Villard, the railroad magnate.

ABOUT 200 members of the Black Hills Pioneer Association, composed of men who went to that section prior to 1877, attended a fourth annual banquet at Deadwood, South Dakota.

A DEPUTY Marshal and a cowboy in Wyoming had a lawsuit and the cowboy won. The officer appealed to the arbitration of the pistol, and the cowboy won in that contest also.

AFTER nearly a decade the heirs of Charles A. Van Cook, an American merchant who was unlawfully imprisoned during the revolution in Hayti, are about to realize \$30,000 damages, which were awarded by the Haytian Government.

FROM private sources we learn that W. C. Foster, of Prescott, is a candidate for Receiver in the U. S. land office for the northern district of Arizona. Mr. Foster is an old resident of the Territory, a still older member of the Democratic party, and a gentleman in every way qualified for the position.

THE Florence Tribune says, from a resident of Florence who was in Phenix last week, it is learned that people in Phenix, who profess to know what they are talking about, say the company building the north and south railroad have no intention of stopping at Phenix, but will push the road to a connection with the road running from Benson to Guaymas as rapidly as possible, passing through Florence on the way.

THE decision in the Carbon county, Wyo., election case has been postponed until the 27th.

Senator Peffer is opposed to the pooling system for railroads.

WE understand Hon. E. Burgess, late Register of the land office at Prescott, will be an applicant for appointment as chief executive for Arizona. Mr. Burgess is a man of splendid executive ability, and we believe would fill the Governor's chair with credit to the territory and honor to the appointing power.

RUSSIA's persecution of the Jews grows worse steadily. Moscow papers boast that since the beginning of 1831 20,000 Jews have been converted to the orthodox faith. Six edicts have been issued aiming to disperse the Jewish subjects in Russia, to weaken their position in the trading centers and to crush out their religion.

### The Toltecs.

Of the races which inhabited the American continent before the white man undertook to civilize it, says the El Paso Herald, the Toltecs are worthy of notice for the civilization they brought presumably from Asia or some unknown part of the world. It has always been a mystery where they came from, and will possibly always be so, but the fact remains that they have left to thinking people lasting remembrances of a civilization which was unexcelled at the time they arrived on the American continent. The pyramids of Egypt, which tourists travel thousands of miles to see, are inferior, if anything, to what can be seen today in Mexico by those who are ambitious of taking in the sights of the world.

The pyramids of the Sun and Moon, which were built by the Toltecs, are to be seen today in Mexico. The former is colossal in its proportions and equals in architectural skill anything which Egypt can produce. Its length is 840 feet, breadth 609 feet, and its height in proportion to the rest of its colossal dimensions. It was built by these people to perpetuate their idea of religion. The pyramid of the sun was supposed to represent day, and the pyramid of the moon represented night. The latter was 600 feet long and 510 feet wide. In each of these splendid structures an idol was placed of gigantic proportions, which it was supposed would overlook and protect the people from the influence of the evil spirit, which was supposed to remain around whenever it was cloudy. The Mexican government about four years ago sent a party to investigate and report on the discoveries which it was expected would be made in this pyramid. They were thoroughly explored and a report given which corroborated the writing of the ancient historians with regard to these pyramids. The expedition which went to Palenque a few years ago, sent by the French government, disclosed the fact that there was nothing which Egypt could produce which Palenque could not discount. The Toltecs certainly gave the world something to think about when they built these stupendous monuments to their everlasting grandeur and civilization.

The women of Danville, Ill., are arming themselves with revolvers and practicing at shooting since the acquittal of the man who made an assault upon Nellie Henderson in that city.

Pittsburg seems to handle its cable and electric roads rather awkwardly. Forty-four people have been killed the past year.

### Gigantic Railroad Scheme.

Recently The Citizen received a very encouraging railroad letter—that is, a letter containing good railroad news for this section of New Mexico—regarding the agitation among certain officials of extending the Rio Grande Southern railroad to the San Juan gold fields, and also making more extensive increase in the present number of miles operated by the company. The following telegraphic news from Denver confirms the report contained in our letter:

The extension of the Rio Grande Southern railroad southward to the gold field, it has been learned tonight, is only the inception of a gigantic enterprise. The road is to be built into old Mexico to tap the most fertile portion of the country and is to leave Phenix, A. T., and run south to Benson, after which it will cross the line and go to Guaymas, a deep-water harbor on the Gulf of California, and an important and strategic point. The officials argue that by this move they can land the goods shipped from the south seas and Australia in Chicago and distribute them by means of the various railroad systems of the United States from that point, all the way from thirty-six hours to a week ahead of any other road if ships touch at Guaymas instead of San Francisco or Seattle. That portion of the country of Mexico is practically without railroad facilities of any kind, and feeders and branches might be constructed at a profit.

Still another deal is on foot which the officials will not give out at the present time. It is presumed to be the consolidation of some of the Mexican lines with the Rio Grande Southern and a traffic agreement with the Mexican railroad that will permit the Southern, by the construction of a few interlocking lines to run solid trains from Denver to the City of Mexico. This is the original plan of the Denver & Rio Grande, which road built as far as Espanola, N. M., and then closed the work of construction. The Denver & Rio Grande road is presumed to be behind the present deal, for President Jeffrey said at the Western Slope congress, which met at Durango a short time ago, that \$40,000,000 would be expended in building a gigantic railway.—Alb. Citizen.

The unusual weather we are having at this time of year is a surprise to everybody. The oldest inhabitants of this section fail to remember the time when these mountains were not covered with snow by the first day of January. The first of the year has come and gone and no snow yet. Instead of the cold windy days and nights, we are having delightful weather, similar to the winters in the Salt River valley. But all this fine weather is a great drawback in this section, for already water, the very life of stockmen is becoming scarce, and the situation is such that it rain or snow does not soon fall many of our stockmen will be compelled to retire from business.—Williams News.

The largest anti-trust powder mill in the country has been started near St. Louis. Its capacity is 25,000 pounds per day.

An interstate cocking main is in progress at New Orleans, and will last several days.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### Pima Warfare.

The memory of the Pima nor his traditions run so far back that a mortal enmity with the Apache did not exist. The first thing that the Pima child is taught is to hate the Apache, the vandal of the Great American Desert, and he seldom forgets his teaching. Though it is not so bad now that the Apaches have surrendered to the United States government, still the hatred exists, and when the opportunity is presented the Pima spits at and heaps all kind of contumely upon the head of the Apache.

As is known, the Pimas seldom leave their valley homes, and as the Apaches are now on the reservation under the surveillance of troops it is seldom that they meet, though last winter a company of the Apache soldiers were brought through this city under a United States officer. Before they had been here an hour their old enemies, the Pimas and Maricopas, all knew of it, and by the middle of the afternoon fully 2,000 were in town to see them. The Apache sentinel had been taught enough military discipline to know that he must not resent the insults heaped upon him by the Indian onlookers, but it must have been a hard trial to his wild nature. Years ago the Apaches and the Pimas often settled their differences by single combat or pitched battles, and there is one Pima now living who killed six Apaches in one day in single combat near where the Sacaton agency is located. The Pima used his iron wood club about two feet in length and the Apaches their spears and warclubs. It is wonderful how skilful these Pimas are in the use of their clubs, fencing with them equal to the exhibition of a French master of the foils.—Phenix Herald.

Saturday a cutting affray in which one man lost his life and another may die, occurred in the vicinity of Gila Bend. There are some saloons in tents a little way out from the town, and these places are resorts of all classes of Mexicans. On the day spoken of one of them got in trouble with a bartender, whose name the Herald failed to get, and as the American turned to go behind the bar the Mexican stabbed him in the back with a long knife, and as the white man turned to look out him again in the side of the face and neck. Another white man in the room threw a Winchester down on the Mexican, but the muzzle of the gun was against him, and quickly catching it he threw it up, and placing his knife against the white man's stomach ordered him to turn loose, and of course he turned loose. The Mexican then took the gun and proceeded to clear the premises. Later on the constable summoned a posse of men and arrested him, though he is still held there awaiting the result of the man's wounds. Either of them is said to be fatal, though the man is not dead yet. The prisoner will be brought up to this city on the morning train and consigned to jail.—Phenix Herald.

The stained-glass windows of the Catholic, Presbyterian, Congregational and Lutheran churches at Fort Dodge, Iowa, has been shattered by stones by some person unknown.

Influenza is epidemic in Baltimore.

The bull fight in Juarez Sunday afternoon was decidedly the most exciting of the season. The bulls turned into the ring were large fine fellows, with long keen horns, and three of them proved extremely vicious and both quick and active. A "banderillero" tripped and fell in front of a fiery bull with an immense breadth of horns and it was owing to the animal having such long horns that his life was saved by his fellow fighters, who quickly gathered around and attracted the bull's attention. The beast made several ineffectual lunges at the prostrate man but each time the horns passed on either side.

Another man daringly laid down at the captain's feet as the latter stood banderillos in hand awaiting a charge. The charge was made, after which the man arose unscathed from his dangerous position. The bull had thrown dirt all over him. The coolness of the captain no doubt saved his life.—El Paso Tribune.

The Star says it is more than probable that Gila Bend will be the seat of a new county ere the close of the next legislature. It also states that it would be much less expensive to both Maricopa county to have all kinds of legal and official business required to be done in the section of Gila Bend country done at that place, as it would save a vast amount of mileage for officers, witnesses and jurors. The division of Pima county will also be up for consideration, and while at it, why not include at least one other and make a clearing up of division for a few years to come. With smaller counties, comes better and cheaper county government, all of which is due the people and highly acceptable to them.

The officials of the Southern Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroads have consented to transport free, a carload of giant cacti from Arizona to the world's Fair, where they will be placed to offset the collection of tree and other ferns recently arrived from Australia. The giant specimens from Arizona will not be forwarded until early spring, as they are very sensitive and might be frozen in transit.—Citizen.

Last week Frank Reno and Frank Campbell discovered the body of T. Serano, a Mexican, says the Deming Headlight, in the shaft of the Last Chance mine at Pyramid. Serano had been missing for several weeks, and when last seen was drunk and in company with another Mexican named Alvino Vica. An inquest was held and it was found that Serano had been stabbed three times in the body and had been shot in the head. Vica has been arrested.

The Crank is a Kansas paper that hopes to get to the front.

### Always Get the Best.

Persons who suffer from Rheumatism want immediate relief. It is not enough that the pain should be eased and the appetite be increased. Anything short of a cure is only prolonging torture. The poisonous acids in the blood which is the direct cause of Rheumatism are immediately and effectually expelled by Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy. Where it fails to perform a cure the price is refunded. If the druggist cannot furnish it, the remedy will be sent prepaid to any address on receipt of price, five dollars. Drummond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

## DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.  
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.